

In the Spirit of the Open Source Cube-Sat Workshop (OSCW), 12 – 13 December 2020



Why should orbit maintenance analysis be fast?

Agile development \rightarrow agile requirements; requiring frequent mission life comparisons between multiple structures.



How can orbit maintenance analysis be faster?

Commercial astrodynamics software like STK and GMAT can compute with high precision the orbit state vectors at any point in

time, but that may be too much work for a simplified orbit lifetime analysis... (and not everyone has access to STK!)

Scenario1 - STK 10 - [Satellite1 : Basic Orbit] —	Automatic Sequence Browser X
File Edit View Insert Analysis Satellite Utilities Window Help	B ^a X New Make Copy Delete Edit
<u>≥</u> + ≥ = = ±	Name User Comment Get I Store Running the Sequence
Search P- 🔅 🖕 📢 📢 🖣 🕪 📚 🏩 🧐 🇐 🖉 11 Dec 2020 04:00:0 🖕	Automatic Sequence Properties
Search Propagator: Astrogator Central Body: Earth Object Brow Propagator: Astrogator Central Body: Earth Propagator: Earth Propagator: Earth Stopping Conditions Edipse Bodies Propagate On Name Stopping Conditions Edipse Bodies Propagate On Name Sequence User Comment De Diration Stop after a specified duraton Stop after a specin a duraton	Automatic Sequence Properties Maneuver Type: Impulsive Attitude Engine Attitude Control: Thrust Vector Propagate 1 Maneuver 1 Propagate 2 Magnitude: 0 km/sec P Allow Negative Spherical Magnitude
finally propagate for 30 minutes!	Results Initial: -Not Set- Final: -Not Set-
▲ Satellite1 - Earth (-88.36661, -105.58477) 11 Dec 2020 04:00:00.000 Time Step: 0	.00 s

How can orbit maintenance analysis be faster?

Key Idea: You only need the altitude to compute the decay rate, no need for all 6 state vectors with high precision orbit propagation, and definitely no need for such a complicated series of steps!

Starting from some high school physics... let's see how we can characterise energy loss in orbit...





Now, we can actually already derive the orbit decay rate easily!





Now, we can actually already derive the orbit decay rate easily!



In other words, the rate at which the orbit decays can be solved in closed-form without any full orbit propagation of orbit states!

The decay rate = product of the <u>drag deceleration</u> and the <u>Keplerian period</u>, divided by <u>Pi</u>!

What does OrbitM offer to your analysis?





Sam's (Fast) Computation



What does OrbitM offer to your analysis?

STK's (Precise) Computation



Orbit Maintenance Scheduling Report

1 Maintain.ThrustApo 8 Jan 2012 03:45:24.438158324 0.13666080028002783
2 Maintain.ThrustPeri 8 Jan 2012 04:33:35.359392809 0.13666080028002783
3 Maintain.ThrustApo 16 Jan 2012 23:46:19.843702020 0.13666080028002783
4 Maintain.ThrustPeri 17 Jan 2012 00:33:44.859483133 0.13666080028002783

 293 Maintain.ThrustApo
 22 Dec
 2014
 05:13:52.359890580
 0.13666080028002783

 294 Maintain.ThrustPeri
 22 Dec
 2014
 06:01:07.847235188
 0.13666080028002783

 295 Maintain.ThrustApo
 30 Dec
 2014
 14:04:11.517531291
 0.13666080028002783

 296 Maintain.ThrustPeri
 30 Dec
 2014
 14:52:41.602837637
 0.13666080028002783

 Number

 Thrust Location

 Time of Impulsive Thrust

 Delta-V





Circular Orbit @ 450km Mean Altitude

Cd = 2.3; Mass = 170kg; Area ~ 2.5m²







Circular Orbit @ 500km Mean Altitude

Cd = 2.3; Mass = 170kg; Area ~ 2.5m²







Circular Orbit @ 550km Mean Altitude

Cd = 2.3; Mass = 170kg; Area ~ 2.5m²



Summary and Conclusion

Orbit.M is a Python-based orbit maintenance simulator, which helps you size your mission lifetime quickly!

Orbit.M can also help you determine if your short-listed propulsion units are suitable for your mission.

Orbit.M is most useful, if your satellite design has many physical iterations with changing area-to-mass.

Orbit.M is also looking for collaborators versed in **GMAT** (since **STK** is not free!)



- [1] Larson, W.J. and Wertz, J.R. (1999). "Space Mission Analysis and Design, 3rd Edition"
- [2] Chao, C.C. (2005). "Applied Orbit Perturbation and Maintenance", American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics.
- [3] Low, S. Y. W., &; Chia, Y. X. (2018). "Assessment of Orbit Maintenance Strategies for Small Satellites", 32nd Annual AIAA/USU Conference on Small Satellites, Logan, Utah, Utah State University, USA.
 - * Please cite [3] if you found OrbitM useful!